Alliance for Response National Leadership Institute

Steven Hardegen Regional Environmental Officer Region VIII





FEMA DR-1892-09 LaMoure County Museum, North Dakota Onsite Assessment Report, November 18 – 22, 2009 Terri Schindel, Conservator



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Figure 1. LaMoure County Museum, LaMoure, North Dakota

LaMoure County Museum, ND

Terri Schindel's Assessment Report -insurance

FEMA's role

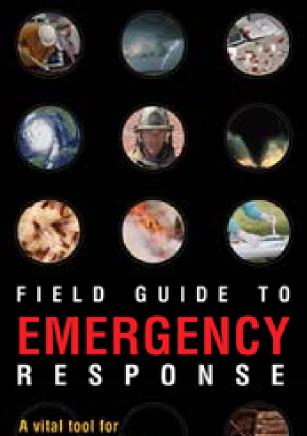
The primary mission of the Federal Emergency Management Agency is to reduce the loss of life and property and protect the Nation from all hazards, including natural disasters, acts of terrorism, and other man-made disasters, by leading and supporting the Nation in a riskbased, comprehensive emergency management system of **preparedness**, **response**, **recovery, and mitigation**.

*Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act

Protection and National Preparedness

(PNP) is responsible for the coordination of preparedness and protection related activities throughout FEMA, including grants, planning, training, exercises, individual and community preparedness, assessments, lessons learned, continuity, and national capital region coordination.

Tools



cultural institutions

Instructional 0Y0 Included





http://www.heritagepreservation.org/catalog/Wheel1.htm •

Nonprofit Security Grant Program (NSGP)

- Purpose: NSGP provides funding support for target hardening activities to nonprofit organizations that are at high risk of a terrorist attack and located within one of the specific FY 2011 UASI-eligible urban areas.
- Each nonprofit organization may apply through their SAA for up to a \$75,000 grant award.

Response

- Foster and lead innovation, integration, collaboration, and coordination within the whole community for disaster response and recovery.
- Provides leadership to build, sustain, and improve the coordination and delivery of support to citizens and State, local, tribal and territorial governments to save lives, reduce suffering, protect property and recover from all hazards.

- find and build relationships with local emergency responders
- share cultural heritage needs with responders
- interact with responders before, during, and after an emergency



Recovery

- Support individuals and communities affected by disasters in their efforts to recover.
 - -Public Assistance
 - Public Infrastructure
 - Certain PNPs

-Individual Assistance



Collections

All damaged collections and individual objects of exceptionally significant cultural value are eligible for FEMA assistance if the damage is the result of a major disaster event, the collections or objects are located within a designated disaster area, and the owner of the collections or objects is an eligible applicant.





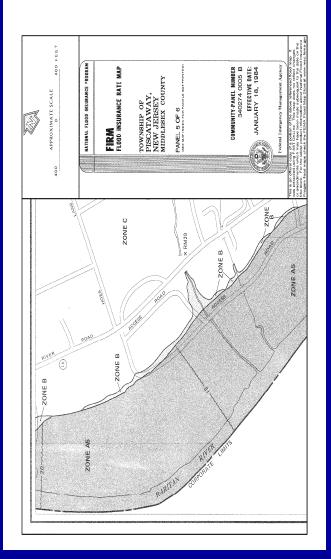


 The materials and equipment associated with the storage, display, preservation, or exhibition of collections or objects of exceptionally significant cultural value are eligible for FEMA assistance as "equipment and furnishings" of a facility, according to 44 CFR 206.226(f).



Mitigation

 Focuses on breaking the cycle of disaster damage, reconstruction, and repeated damage. Mitigation efforts provide value to the American people by creating safer communities and reducing loss of life and property.



What types of projects can be funded?

- Acquisition, elevation or relocation of
- structures in hazard-prone areas;
- Flood-proofing or retrofitting to protect structures from future damage;
- Floodwalls, debris basins, levees, etc.; and
- Development of standards to protect new and substantially damaged structures from disaster damage.

Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)

- Created in 1988 by the Stafford Act
- FEMA provides 75% match funds to States to fund post-disaster hazard mitigation measures
- For these declarations the State may provide 25%match for project costs
- No project cost to local applicants
- Overall Goal: Reduce vulnerability to natural hazards



HAZARD MITIGATION GRANT PROGRAM

Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program (PDM)

 Provides funds to states, territories, Indian tribal governments, communities, and universities for hazard mitigation planning and the implementation of mitigation projects prior to a disaster event.



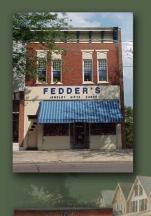


Integrating Historic Property and Cultural Resource Considerations Into Hazard Mitigation Planning

State and Local Mitigation Planning How-To Guide FEMA 386-6 / May 2005







URS

Looking to the Future

Alternatives for Reducing Flood-Related Damage in Historic Communities

Milton, Pennsylvania June 28, 2002

Additional information can be found at:

www.FEMA.gov

